

Clases de cuadriláteros

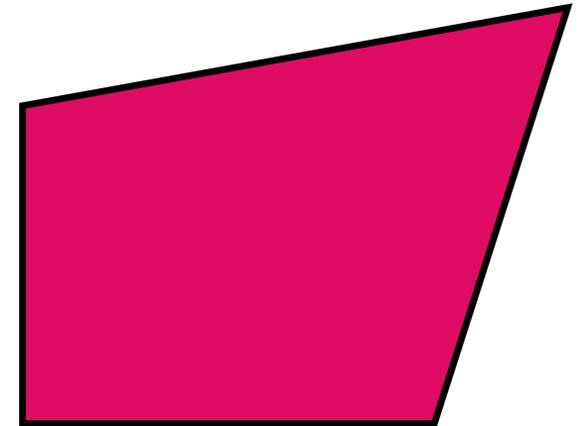
Paralelogramo



Trapezio

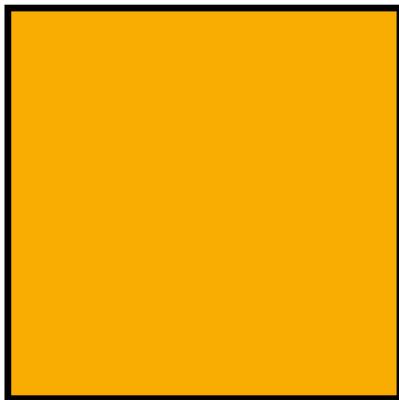


Trapezoide



Clases de paralelogramos

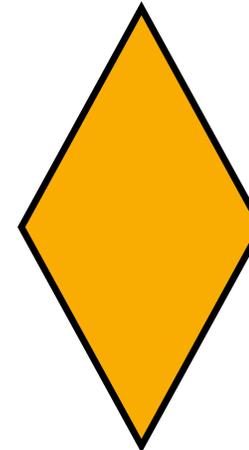
CUADRADO



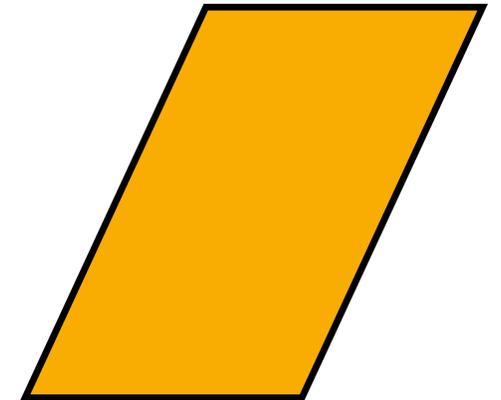
RECTÁNGULO



ROMBO



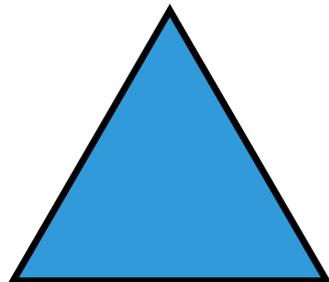
ROMBOIDE



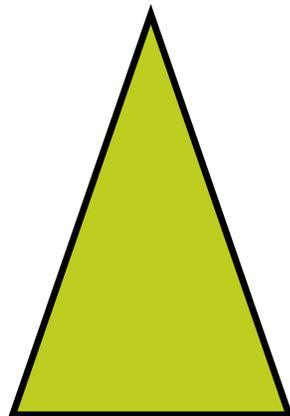
Santillana

Clases de triángulos

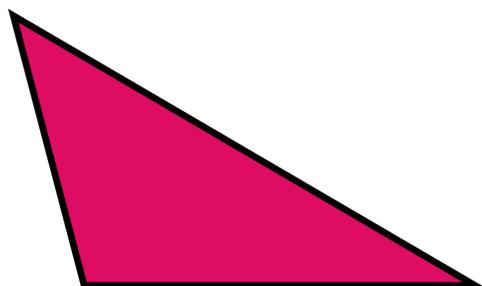
Según sus lados



EQUILÁTERO — tres lados iguales

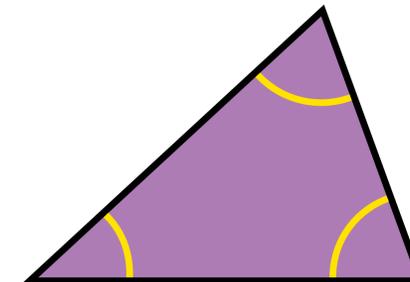


ISÓSCELES — dos lados iguales



ESCALENO — tres lados diferentes

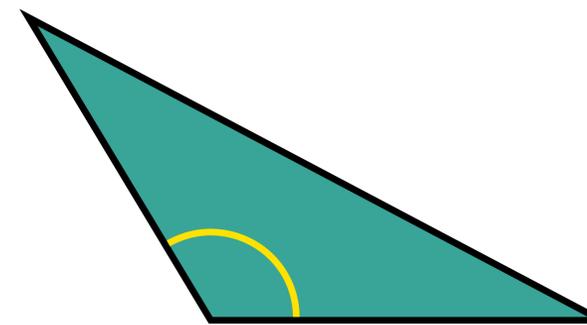
Según sus ángulos



ACUTÁNGULO — tres ángulos agudos



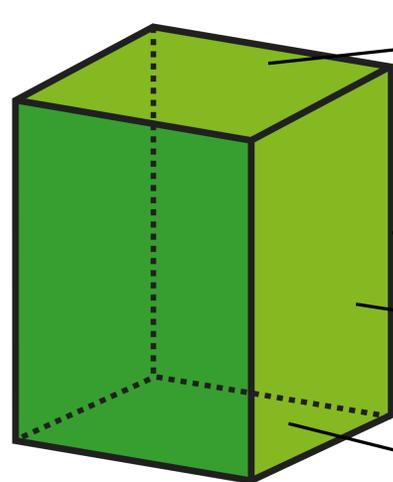
RECTÁNGULO — un ángulo recto



OBTUSÁNGULO — un ángulo obtuso

Cuerpos geométricos

Prismas



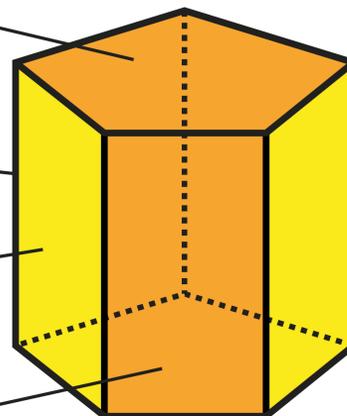
PRISMA CUADRANGULAR

base

arista

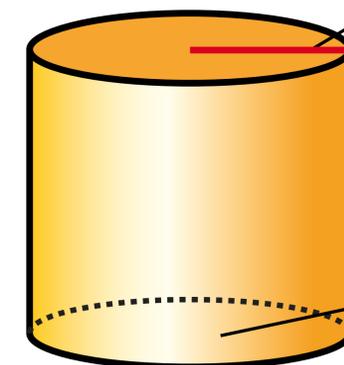
cara lateral

base



PRISMA PENTAGONAL

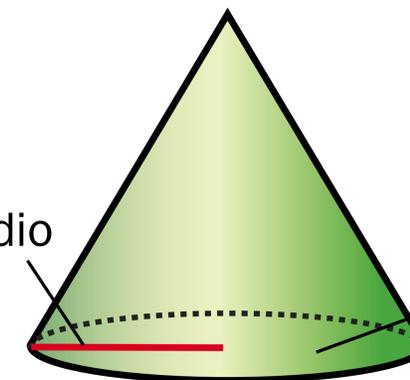
Cilindro



radio

base

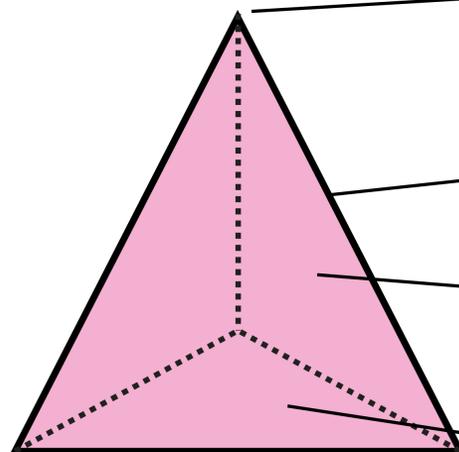
Cono



radio

base

Pirámides



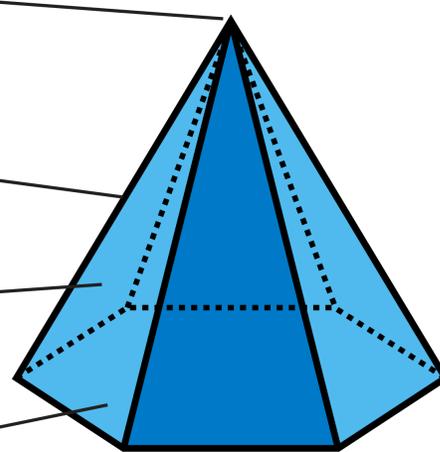
PIRÁMIDE TRIANGULAR

vértice

arista

cara lateral

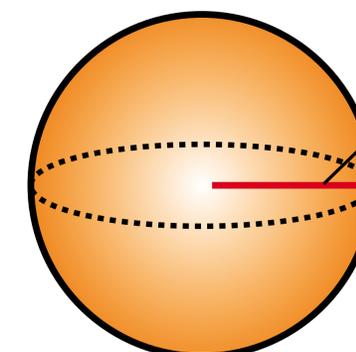
base



PIRÁMIDE HEXAGONAL

Santillana

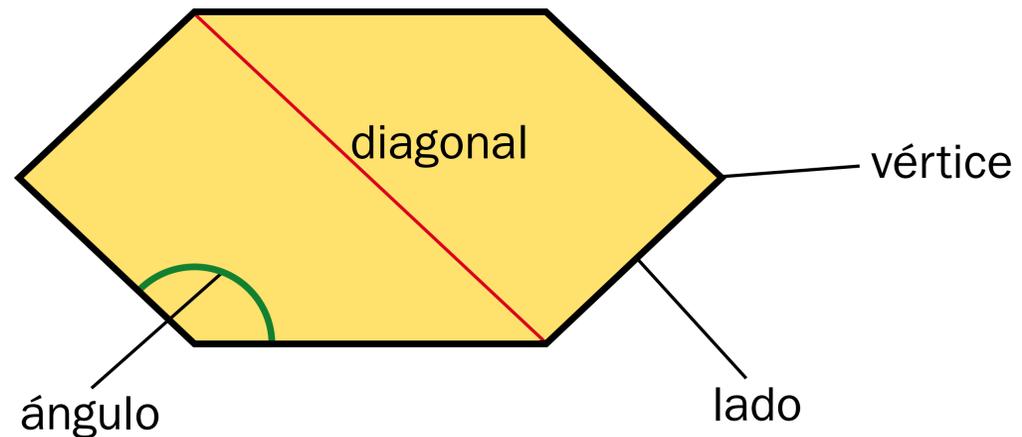
Esfera



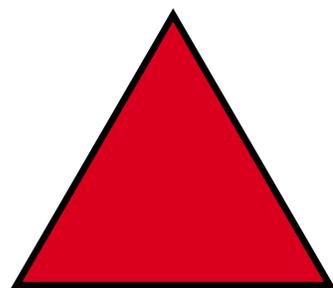
radio

Polígonos

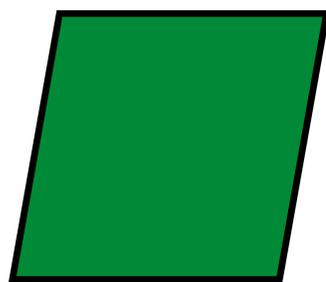
Elementos de un polígono



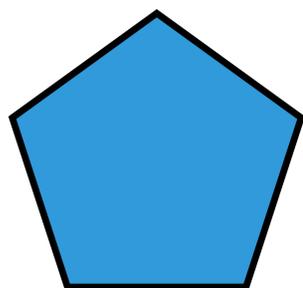
Clases de polígonos



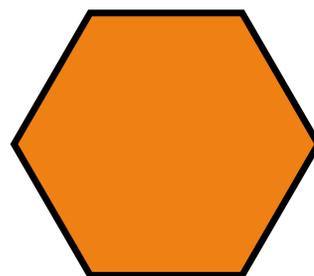
triángulo
3 lados



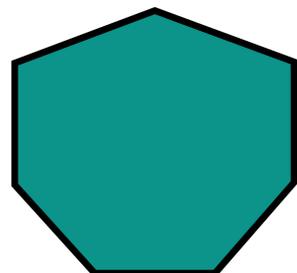
cuadrilátero
4 lados



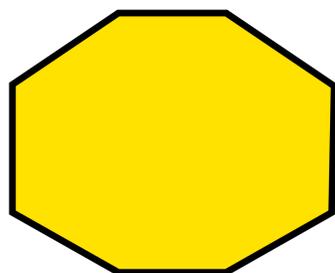
pentágono
5 lados



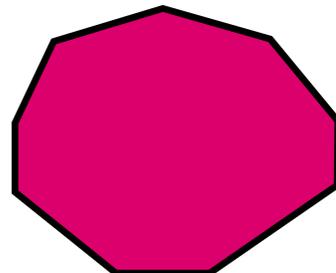
hexágono
6 lados



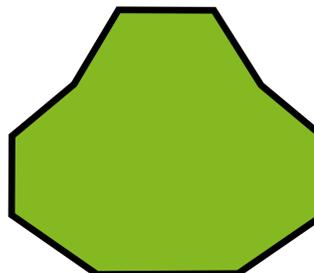
heptágono
7 lados



octógono
8 lados

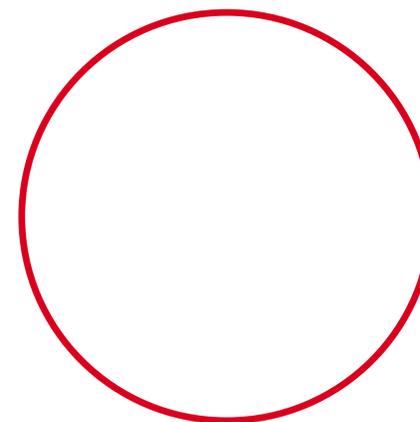


eneágono
9 lados

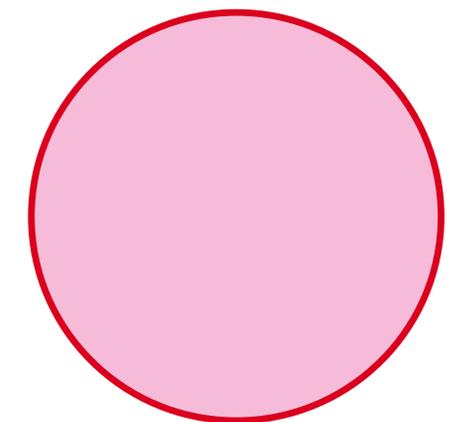


decágono
10 lados

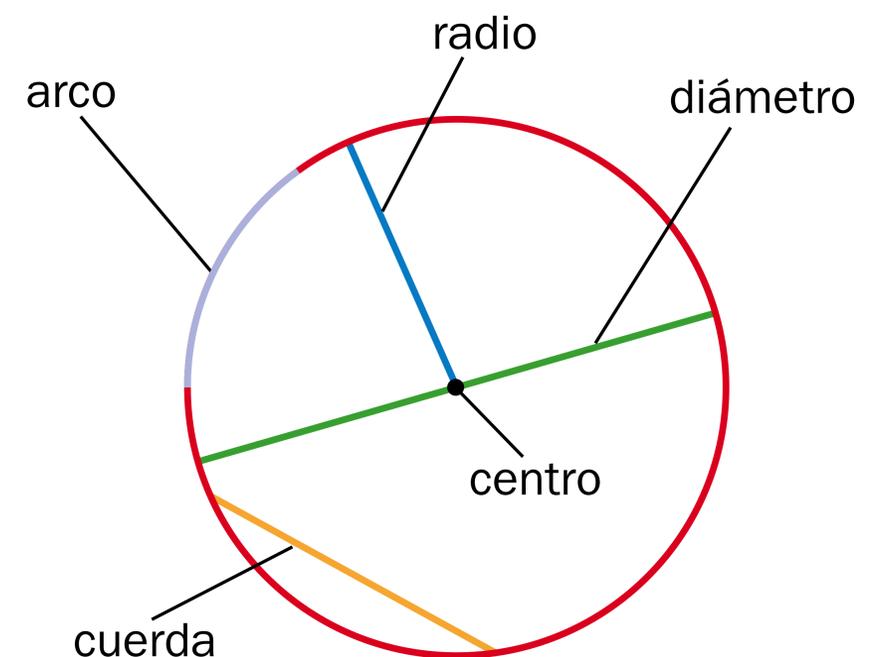
Círculo y circunferencia



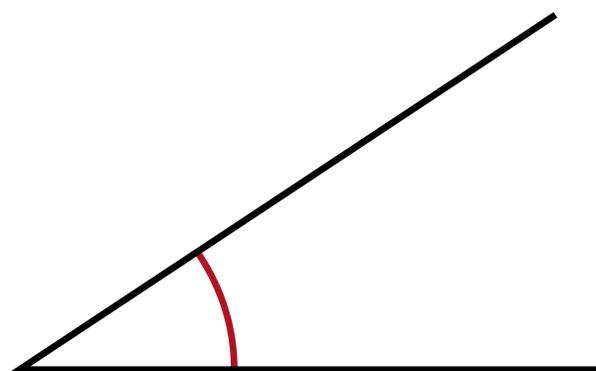
Circunferencia



Círculo



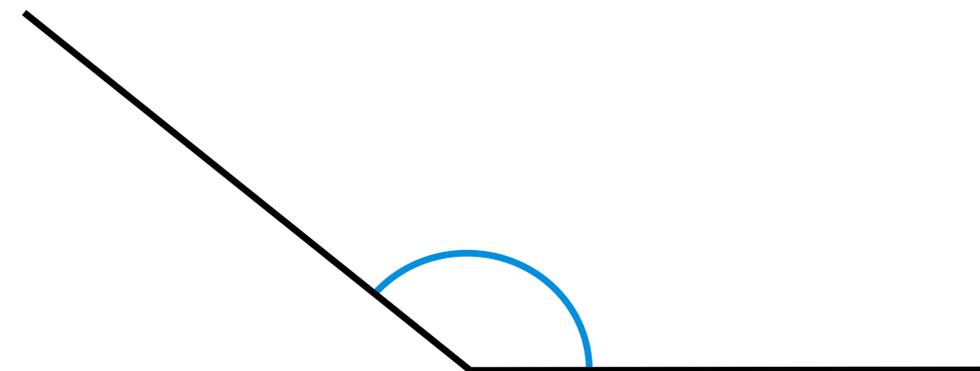
Tipos de ángulos



ángulo agudo



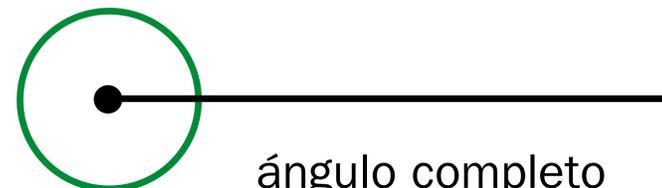
ángulo recto



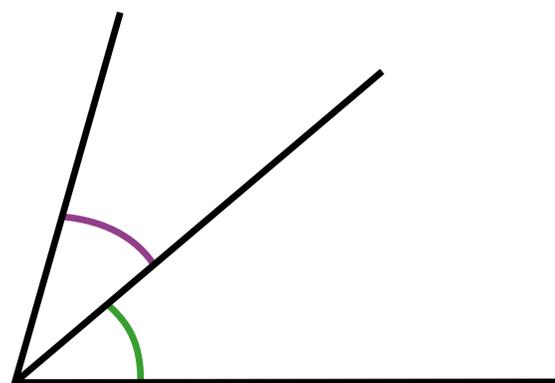
ángulo obtuso



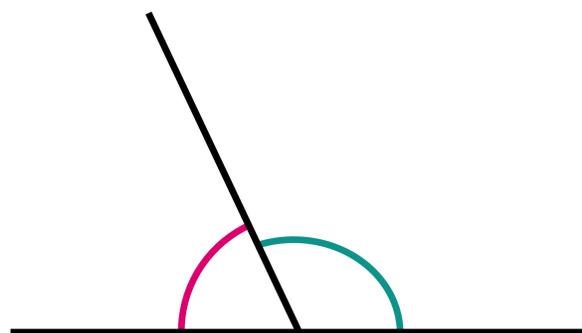
ángulo llano



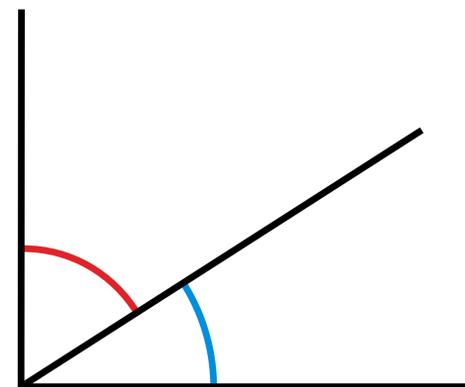
ángulo completo



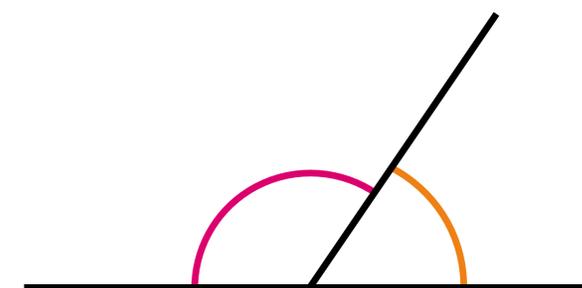
ángulos consecutivos



ángulos adyacentes



ángulos complementarios



ángulos suplementarios